

Morning Bird Count Summary

清晨雀鳥調查記錄簡表

Explanation Note

Birds are one of the key fauna groups at Mai Po Nature Reserve (MPNR) and reliable data upon species numbers and their location is essential to successfully manage habitats for their benefit. Therefore WWF commenced systematic morning counts of waterbirds in June 2003 using a circular transect route around the perimeter of the Nature Reserve.

The 'Morning Bird Count' fulfils a number of important functions:

1. Generates bird data at a very detailed location level to inform habitat management
2. Systematically records all bird species at Mai Po (waterbirds, wetland-dependant and terrestrial based)
3. Collects basic breeding evidence for waterbirds

The data also supplements that collected through the HKBWS Monthly Waterbird Monitoring Programme and provides both foreign birdwatchers and general visitors with updated bird information.

Please acknowledge WWF Hong Kong and provide suitable reference to this data if used for publication purposes. Thank you.

簡介

雀鳥是米埔自然保護區內主要的動物群組之一，若我們掌握雀鳥物種數目和牠們所在位置的可靠數據，便能為牠們有效地管理棲境。因此，本會於 2003 年 6 月開始採用一條環繞米埔自然保護區的路線，有系統地記錄清晨的水鳥數目。

「清晨雀鳥統計」可達到以下的重要功能：

1. 獲得有關雀鳥位置的詳細數據，以便進行生境管理
2. 有系統地記錄米埔所有雀鳥品種，包括水鳥、依靠濕地的鳥種及陸棲鳥種
3. 收集水鳥的基本繁殖證據

數據亦可補足香港觀鳥會每月水鳥普查計劃收集到的資料，以及為外地觀鳥人士及一般遊客提供最新的雀鳥資料。

倘使用以下數據作出版用途，請引述世界自然基金會香港分會，並提供適當的資料來源。謝謝。