


 想清楚
● *Trachinotus blochii*

**來源地:** 香港

**一般出售方式:** 活魚及冰鮮魚，原條出售

**養殖方法:** 浮式網箱

### 魚類養殖環境

黃魷鱈屬群游性魚類，不會受高密度的養殖方式影響，但仍有機會造成疾病傳播和寄生蟲。

### 飼料

黃魷鱈屬肉食性魚類，養殖戶或會用在野外捕撈具商業價值的幼魚作飼料，加重本港早已遭過度捕撈的野生物種種群面對的漁業壓力。

### 魚苗來源

魚苗主要來自台灣和中國的人工孵育場，不影響野生種群。

### 對環境的影響

養殖戶把污水直接排到海中，污水含有過剩飼料，及可能帶有病菌的排泄物，造成污染，亦危害海洋生物。由於黃魷鱈是香港的原生品種，故不會有引入外來物種的風險。

### 海產養殖管理

本港規定只可在指定養殖地範圍內興建養魚場，漁業亦能惠及本地漁民。養殖場可自願參與「優質養魚場計劃」，但有關計劃未能解決養殖場對環境的影響。疾病傳播、過剩飼料和排泄物污染環境等問題仍有待解決。

## 摘要

養殖戶採用浮式網箱飼養黃魷鱈。大部分魚苗來自人工孵育場，但以野生幼魚為魚糧仍會影響野生魚類的種群。養殖黃魷鱈沒有引進外來物種的風險。要解決黃魷鱈養殖業對環境的影響，必須先改善相關的養殖管理體制。


 Think Twice
● *Trachinotus blochii*

**Origin:** Hong Kong

**Mainly sold as:** Live and fresh whole fish

**Culture method:** Floating net cage

### Condition of the farmed fish

Pompano is a schooling species, and stocking them at high densities does not have much impact on them, but it can lead to the spread of diseases and parasites.

### Fish feed

Pompanos are carnivores and their feed may include commercially important juvenile fish. This puts additional pressure on the already overfished populations of wild species in Hong Kong.

### Source of fry

Since fry mainly come from artificial hatcheries in Taiwan and mainland China, wild populations are not affected.

### Impacts on the environment

Excessive fish feed, faeces - and potentially diseases - pass directly into the open sea and can cause pollution and harm wild marine organisms. Pompanos occur naturally in Hong Kong so there is no risk of exotic species being introduced.

### Mariculture management

Fish farms are located at designated mariculture zones and local fishermen benefit from running them. Fish farms can join the voluntary AFFS but the scheme is not fully focused on addressing their environmental impact. Issues that still need to be addressed include the spread of disease and contamination by excess feed and faeces.

## Summary

Pompanos are cultured in net cages in Hong Kong. The way their feed is sourced puts additional pressure on wild fish populations, although farmed pompanos come from hatcheries. Farming of pompanos does not pose a risk of exotic species being introduced. These farms have some environmental effects that need to be addressed through improved farm management.