

 想清楚

來源地: 全球
一般出售方式: 冰鮮、冷藏魚柳及罐頭
捕撈方法: 圍網及浮延繩

◉ 生態特徵

黃鰭吞拿魚生長迅速，在17個月至4年內便可繁殖，較藍鰭吞拿魚能承受漁業壓力。

◉ 野生種群狀況

全球過半數黃鰭吞拿魚來自太平洋，但印度洋的漁獲量亦上升。所有海洋中的黃鰭吞拿魚業資源均已遭完全開發。

◉ 意外捕撈

在大海以延繩釣法捕撈黃鰭吞拿魚，意外漁獲量甚多，當中包括海鳥和海龜等易危物種。

◉ 對環境的影響

圍網和延繩不會觸碰到海床，對海床影響有限。

◉ 漁業管理

多個國際漁業管理組織，包括大西洋鮪類資源保育委員會 (ICCAT)、美洲熱帶鮪類委員會 (IATTC)，以及印度洋鮪類委員會 (IOTC) 等均監察有關物種的漁業。國際間亦設有管理及監察措施，包括匯報漁船位置及漁獲等，但效果不彰。

摘要

黃鰭吞拿魚較藍鰭吞拿魚能承受漁業壓力，該漁業資源在所有海洋中已被完全開發。以延繩捕撈黃鰭吞拿魚可以產生大量意外漁獲，包括海鳥和海龜等易危物種。黃鰭吞拿魚的捕撈方法對海床影響輕微。黃鰭吞拿魚的漁業管理措施並非完全有效。

• *Thunnus albacares*

 Think Twice

Origin: Global
Mainly sold as: Fresh, frozen and canned fillet
Fishing method: Purse seining, pelagic long-lining

◉ Biology

Yellowfin tuna grow quickly and become sexually mature between about 17 months and 4 years. They are less sensitive to fishing pressure than bluefin tuna.

◉ Status of wild populations

More than half of the global catch of yellowfin comes from the Pacific Ocean but the catch from the Indian Ocean is increasing. The populations of yellowfin tuna in all oceans are considered fully fished.

◉ Bycatch

Bycatch from yellowfin tuna fishing by pelagic long-lining in high seas can be quite high, sometimes involving vulnerable species such as seabirds and turtles.

◉ Impacts on the environment

Purse seining and long lining have little impact on the seabed because there is no contact with fishing gear.

◉ Fisheries Management

International fisheries management

organizations such as the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT), the Inter-American Tropical Tuna Commission (IATTC) and the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (IOTC) monitor fishing of the species. Some management and inspection measures are also in place, including reporting of boat positions and catches but they are only partially effective.

Summary

Compared with bluefin tuna, yellowfin tuna are not particularly susceptible to fishing pressure. Stocks are fully fished in all oceans. Yellowfin tuna fisheries that use long lining can generate a high amount of bycatch, including vulnerable species such as seabirds and turtles. The fishing methods have little impact on the seabed. The management measures in place for yellowfin tuna fisheries are partially effective.

• *Thunnus albacares*